

Internet Gambling

Global Overview

- It is estimated that there are more than 2,000 Internet websites offering various online gambling options, including casino games, poker, sports betting, lotteries and bingo.¹
- Global online gambling is expected to rise to \$94.4 billion USD by 2024.²
- Approximately 85 nations have chosen to legalize and regulate online gambling.³
- The Division on Addiction of Harvard Medical School has been studying long-term behaviours exhibited in online sports betting, casino, poker and other games since 2005, and has found that there are no scientifically-based empirical studies proving online gambling increases the risk of addiction and that the majority of online play is done in a very moderate manner, spending minimal amounts.⁴
- On April 15, 2011, Federal authorities in the United States blocked access to the three biggest online gambling websites at the time (Full Tilt Poker, Absolute Poker, and PokerStars) and froze players' accounts.
- Developments in the United States related to the legalization of online gambling are occurring at the State level. California, Illinois, Massachusetts, Mississippi, New York and Washington have introduced bills that would legalize online gambling.⁵ Efforts to pass federal legislation that would allow interstate online poker, but ban other forms of online gambling, have stalled in Congress.⁶
- Nevada became the first jurisdiction in the United States to legalize Internet gambling in 2013. Delaware, New Jersey and Pennsylvania have followed in approving online gambling.
- In October 2015, the New Jersey Division of Gaming Enforcement signed a contract with Amaya Gaming to offer Internet gambling in the state under the PokerStars and Full Tilt brands.⁷
- In May 2018, the U.S. Supreme Court overturned a 1992 federal law against sports betting. This allows state legislation to pass laws allowing regulatory framework for legalized sports betting, although the U.S. Congress may still consider legislation to regulate sports betting nationally.
- The following states allow sports betting – Nevada, New Jersey, West Virginia, Delaware, Pennsylvania, Mississippi and Rhode Island.⁸

Legality

- Section 207 of the *Criminal Code of Canada* makes it illegal to operate or place a bet through an offshore Internet casino. Gambling must be authorized by a province within a province.
 - ▶ Provincial governments are permitted to operate computer-based lottery schemes like Internet gambling to their own residents.
- In March 2010, a study conducted by Ipsos Reid found that:⁹
 - ▶ 77% of Canadians believe gambling over the Internet is legal; and,

¹ Williams, R.J.(2009), Internet Gambling: Prevalence, Patterns, Problems and Policy Options (<https://hdl.handle.net/10133/693>)

² Zion Market Research (January 2019), Global Online Gambling & Betting Market (<https://www.zionmarketresearch.com/news/online-gambling-betting-market>)

³ American Gaming Association, Online Gambling Five Years After UIGEA

⁴ Division of Addiction, Cambridge Health Alliance, A teaching affiliate of Harvard Medical School (2013), Outcome of a Paradigm Shift New Ways for the Scientific Analysis of Online Gaming: Implications for Addiction Research and Responsible Gaming

(http://eldiario.deljuego.com.ar/images/stories/Notas/00_2014/bwinpartyHarvardWhitepaper.pdf)

⁵ National Conference of State Legislatures

⁶ <http://online.casinocity.com/jurisdictions/united-states/>

⁷ Forbes (October 2015), Why PokerStars' New Jersey Online Gambling License Is A Big Deal for Amaya

⁸ <https://www.playusa.com/us/>

⁹ Ipsos Reid Polling Findings Update: Perceptions of Internet Gambling, March 23, 2010 (http://canadiangaming.ca/wp-content/uploads/media_releases/internet_gaming_in_canada_public_perception_and_behaviour.pdf)

- ▶ 55% of Canadians agree that Internet gambling should be permitted as long as it is regulated by government.

Canada

- Canadian Internet gamblers have a wide range of educational levels, higher household incomes (\$74,600) and average household debt (\$78,056).¹⁰
- All age groups are involved in Internet gambling, but it is more common in younger adults (average age of 35.5 years).¹¹
- Atlantic Lottery was the first provincially owned lottery corporation to have a transactional website. The provincial government in British Columbia, through the British Columbia Lottery Corporation (BCLC), was the first province in Canada to offer casino-style games online to its residents in July 2010.
- Below is a summary of the online games offered by provincially owned lottery corporations in Canada.

Area	Lottery	Bingo	Sports	Casino	Poker
Nova Scotia, Newfoundland & Labrador, Prince Edward Island	X	X	X		
Québec	X	X	X	X	X
Ontario	X		X	X	X
Saskatchewan and Alberta	X	X		X	X
Manitoba	X	X	X	X	X
British Columbia	X	X	X	X	X
New Brunswick	X	X	X	X	

- Just under 80% of Canadians now have access to regulated online gambling.
- British Columbia saw a decrease in its problem gambling rates following the launch of the online

¹⁰ Wood, R.T. & Williams, R.J. (2009). Internet Gambling: Prevalence, Patterns, Problems, and Policy Options. Final Report prepared for the Ontario Problem Gambling Research Centre, Guelph, Ontario, CANADA. January 5, 2009. (<https://opus.uleth.ca/bitstream/handle/10133/693/2009-InternetPPPP-OPGRC.pdf?sequence=4&isAllowed=y>)

gambling site¹². The launch of the Espacejeux online gambling website in Québec was not linked to a statistically significant increase in the proportion of online gamblers qualifying as probable pathological gamblers.¹³

- BCLC, Loto-Québec and Manitoba Lotteries joined the Canadian Poker Network, the first regulated poker network in North America, allowing players from the three provinces to play at the same online tables.

Nova Scotia

- Atlantic Lottery has operated its online gaming site, alc.ca, for the four Atlantic Provinces since August 2004. Atlantic Lottery offers a range of online games where Atlantic Canadians, including Nova Scotians, over the age of 19, can play lottery games, Digital Instants, iBingo and wager on Pro-Line sports.
- As part of the 2011 Responsible Gaming Strategy the Nova Scotia government announced it will consider existing and emerging research related to Internet gambling to better understand the trend and determine best practices and policies with respect to regulation.
- NSGC engaged the Nova Scotia Health Research Foundation, with input from the Department of Health and Wellness, to conduct a survey of online gambling participation in Nova Scotia. It found that the participation rate in Nova Scotia for online gambling games (poker and casino-style games) was 1.5%. In addition, a majority of respondents think that the Nova Scotia government should offer online gambling (59%) and feel that they would play on this site, with 26% saying 'very likely' and 38% saying 'likely'.

¹¹ Ibid

¹² <http://www2.gov.bc.ca/assets/gov/sports-recreation-arts-and-culture/gambling/gambling-in-bc/reports/rpt-rg-prevalence-study-2014.pdf>

¹³ http://www.groupe.finances.gouv.qc.ca/jeu/pub/AUTEN_Online_Gambling.pdf